

Aspect	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	SYear 4	Year 5	Year 6
Human features & landmarks	AOL: World Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non- fiction texts and maps.	refer to key human city, town, village, f	efer to key human features, including bity, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop.				
Settlements & land use	Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.	Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop.	Are competent in th geographical skills n collect, analyse and communicate with a data gathered throu experiences of fieldy deepen their unders geographical proces interpret a range of geographical inform including maps, diag globes, aerial photog and Geographical In Systems (GIS); com	eeded to: range of gh work that tanding of ses; sources of ation, grams, graphs formation municate	Describe and understa including: types of set activity including trade resources including en	tlement and land us links, and the distri	e, economic ibution of natural

and Geographical Information Systems (GIS); communicate geographical information in a variety of ways, including through maps, numerical and quantitative skills and writing

at length.



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Climate & weather	AOL: World Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.	Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the UK and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles.	Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle.   key physical Describe and understand key as		Develop contextual knowledge of the location of globally significant places – both terrestrial and marine – including their defining physical and human characteristics and how these provide a geographical context for understanding the actions of processes.
Physical processes	AOL: World Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.	Understand the processes that give rise to and human geographical features of the v are interdependent and how they bring at variation and change over time.	vorld, how these	Describe and understand key as geography, including climate zon vegetation belts, rivers, mountai earthquakes, and the water cycl	nes, biomes and ns, volcanoes and
Geographical resources	AOL: World Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non- fiction texts and maps.	Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key.		es, globes and digital/computer massribe features studied.	apping to locate



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Data analysis	AOL: World Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non- fiction texts and maps.	Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.	Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.
Fieldwork	AOL: World Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non- fiction texts and maps.	Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.	Are competent in the geographical skills needed to: collect, analyse and communicate with a range of data gathered through experiences of fieldwork that deepen their understanding of geographical processes; interpret a range of sources of geographical information, including maps, diagrams, globes, aerial photographs and Geographical Information Systems (GIS); communicate geographical information in a variety of ways, including through maps, numerical and quantitative skills and writing at length.
Natural & man made materials	AOL: World Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non- fiction texts and maps.	Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.	Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography, including climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle.
Physical Features	OL: World Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and – when appropriate – maps.	Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to key physical features, including beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather.	Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography, including climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle.



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Nature	Environment	AOL: World Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non- fiction texts and maps.	Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.	Understand the processes that give rise to key physical and human geographical features of the world, how these are interdependent and how they bring about spatial variation and change over time.	Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography, including climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle.
	Sustainability		Use simple fieldworl skills to study the ge school and its grour human and physical surrounding environ	eography of their Ids and the key features of its	Describe and understand key aspects of human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water.



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World	AOL: World Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and – when appropriate – maps.	Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans. Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the UK and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage.	Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans. Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the UK and its surrounding seas. Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the UK and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage.	Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia), North, and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities.
ЯЛ	AOL: World Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non- fiction texts and maps.		ases and globes to its countries, as well ntinents and oceans	Name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time.



Big Idea	Aspect	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
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Location	AOL: World Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and – when appropriate – maps.	Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the UK and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles.	Identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones (including day and night).		
Position	AOL: Maths Understand and use positional language in relation to place, direction and objects.	Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language (e.g. near and far; left and right), to describe the location of features and routes on a map.	Use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world.		



	AOL: World Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from	Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and	Use fieldwork to observe,	Use the eight points of a	Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the
Maps	observation, discussion, stories, non- fiction texts and maps.	basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key.	measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.	compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world.	human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.



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Compare & contrast	AOL: World Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class. AOL: World Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and – when appropriate – maps.	Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the UK, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country.		Understand geographical similarities and differences through the st of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdo a region in a European country, and a region within North or South America.		
Significant places	AOL: World Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non- fiction texts and maps.	Develop contextual knowledge of the location of globally significant places – both terrestrial and marine – including their defining physical and human characteristics and how these provide a geographical context for understanding the actions of processes.	Develop contextual knowledge of the location of globally significant places – both terrestrial and marine – including their defining physical and human characteristics and how these provide a geographical context for understanding the actions of processes.	Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe (including the location of Russia), North, and South America, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities.		



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Geographical change	AOL: World Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non- fiction texts and maps. covered	Understand the processes that give rise to key physical and human geographical features of the world, how these are interdependent and how they bring about spatial variation and change over time.	Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography, including climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle. covered x 4optional x 2 Understand the processes that give rise to key physical and human geographical features of the world, how these are interdependent and how they bring about spatial variation and change over time.
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